

SATISH SCIENCE ACADEMY

DHANORI PUNE-411015

PHYSICS

Class 12 - Physics

Time Allowed: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 70

General Instructions:

The question paper is divided into **four sections**:

$1. \ \textbf{Section} \ \textbf{A}$

- Q. No. 1 contains **Ten multiple choice type** of questions carrying **One mark** each.
- Q. No. 2 contains **Eight very short answer type** of questions carrying **One mark** each.

2. Section B

• Q. No. 3 to Q. No. 14 contain **Twelve short answer type** of questions carrying **Two marks** each. (Attempt any Eight).

3. Section C

• Q. No. 15 to Q. No. 26 contain **Twelve short answer type** of questions carrying **Three marks** each. (Attempt any Eight).

4. Section D

- Q. No. 27 to Q. No. 31 contain **Five long answer type** of questions carrying **Four marks** each. (Attempt any Three).
- 5. Use of the log table is allowed. Use of calculator is not allowed.
- 6. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 7. For each multiple choice type of question, it is mandatory to write the correct answer along with its alphabet. e.g.,
 (a)...../(b)...../(c)...../(d) No marks(s) shall be given, if <u>ONLY</u> the correct answer or the alphabet of the correct answer is written. Only the first attempt will be considered for evaluation.

Section A

Select write the correct answers for the following with the choice type of questions: (a) Let p and E denote the linear momentum and energy of emitted photon respectively. If the wavelength of incident radiation is increased ______. (a) both p and E increase. (b) both p and E decrease. (c) p decreases and E increases. (d) p increases and E decreases. (b) A graph of pressure versus volume for an ideal gas for different processes is as shown. In the graph [1] (curve OA represents _____.

	$(0, 0)$ V \rightarrow					
	a) isochoric process	b) adiabatic pro	Cess			
	c) isothermal process	d) isobaric proce	255			
(c)	Solar cell operates on the principle of					
	a) photovoltaic action	b) diffusion				
	c) photoelectric effect	d) recombinatio	n			
(d)	Light of a certain wavelength has a wave number \overline{v} in vacuum. Its wave number in a medium of					
	refractive index <i>n</i> is					
	a) $\frac{1}{n}$ b) $\frac{\bar{u}}{n}$					
	c) $n\bar{u}$ d) $\frac{n}{2}$					
(e)	Velocity of transverse wave along a stretched string is proportional to (T = tension in the					
	string)					
	a) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{T}}$	b) T				
	c) $\frac{1}{\pi}$	d) \sqrt{T}				
(f)	The dimensional formula of surface tension is					
	a) $\begin{bmatrix} L^2 M^1 T^{-2} \end{bmatrix}$ b) $\begin{bmatrix} L^1 M^l T^{-1} \end{bmatrix}$					
	c) $\begin{bmatrix} L^{-1}M^{1}T^{-2} \end{bmatrix}$ d) $\begin{bmatrix} L^{0}M^{1}T^{-2} \end{bmatrix}$					
(g)	The nuclei having same number of protons but different number of neutrons are called					
(8)	a) γ-narticles	b) α - particles		1-1		
	c) isotopes	d) isobars				
(h)	C) isotopes (i) is					
(11)	water .					
	a) shows a depression in the mi	ddle. b) shows an elev	vation in the middle.			
	c) evaporates immediately.	d) surface remai	d) surface remains horizontal.			
(i)	The substance which allows heat radiations to pass through is			[1]		
	a) water vapour	b) wood	b) wood			
	c) iron	d) dry air				
(j)	Which logic gate corresponds to the truth table given below?					
	А	В	Y			
	0	0	1			
	0	1	0			

		1	0	0			
		1	1	0			
		a) AND	b) OR	-	1		
		c) NAND	d) NOR				
2.	Answe	r the following questions:	,		[8]		
	(a)	Draw a well labelled diagram of pl	hotoelectric cell.		[1]		
	(b)	At which position, the total energy	of a particle executing linear S.H	H.M. is purely potential?	[1]		
	(c)	What is the average value of altern	nating current over a complete cy	cle?	[1]		
	(d)	What is shunt?	0		[1]		
	(e)	Define uniform circular motion.	<u> </u>		[1]		
	(f)	State the formula for electric field	intensity at a point outside an inf	initely long charged cylindrical	[1]		
	(a) Write the formula for torque acting on rotating current carrying coil in terms of magnetic dipole						
	(8)	moment, in vector form.		in terms of magnetic apone	[-]		
	(h)	What happens if the rod of dia-ma	gnetic material is placed in a non	-uniform magnetic field?	[1]		
	()		Section B	A	1-1		
		P	Attempt any 8 questions				
3.	Define	coefficient of viscosity. State its for	mula and S.I. units.		[2]		
4.	Draw a neat and labelled diagram of suspended coil type moving coil galvanometer.						
5.	Draw a	Draw a neat labelled diagram showing the various forces and their components acting on a vehicle moving alor					
	curved	banked road.					
6.	Define capacitance of a capacitor and its S.I. unit.				[2]		
7.	Define second's pendulum. Derive a formula for the length of second's pendulum.				[2]		
8.	Define:				[2]		
	a. Isot	hermal process	\sim				
	b. Adi	abatic process.					
9.	A 0.1 F	H inductor, a $25 imes 10^{-6}~F$ capacitor	and a 15Ω resistor are connected	d in series to a $120V, 50HzAC$	[2]		
	source.	Calculate the resonant frequency.					
10.	A body	of mass 1 kg is made to oscillate on	a spring of force constant $25 imes$	10^3 dyne/cm. Calculate the	[2]		
	magnit	ude of angular velocity and frequenc	ey of vibrations of the body.				
11.	State th	ne law of length and the law of linear	density for a vibrating string.		[2]		
12.	Calcula	ate the energy radiated in half a minu	te by a black body of surface are	a $200{cm}^2$ at $127^\circ C.$	[2]		
13.	An unk	mown resistance is placed in the left	gap and resistance of 50 ohm is j	placed in the right gap of a	[2]		
	metreb	ridge. The null point is obtained at 4	0 cm from the left end. Determin	e the unknown resistance.			
14.	Compu	te the ratio of longest wavelengths o	f Lyman and Balmer series in hy	drogen atom.	[2]		
			Section C				
		P	Attempt any 8 questions				
15.	State th	ne conditions to get constructive and	destructive interference of light.		[3]		
16.	Draw n	Draw neat, labelled diagram of a parallel plate capacitor with a dielectric slab between the plates.					
17.	What is	s Curie temperature and what happer	ns above Curie temperature?		[3]		
18.	Descrit	be the construction of photoelectric c	ell.		[3]		

19.	Disting	uish between an ammeter and a voltmeter. (Two points each).	[3]				
20.	Explain the formation of stationary waves by analytical method. Show the formation of stationary wave						
	diagram	imatically.					
21.	Explain the coils	Explain, why the equivalent inductance of two coils connected in parallel is less than the inductance of either of [the coils.					
22.	Two tuning forks of frequencies 320 Hz and 340 Hz are sounded together to produce sound wave. The velo of sound in air is $326.4 m/s$. Calculate the difference in wavelengths of these waves.						
23.	In Your	g's experiment, two slits separated by 4 mm are illuminated by a light of wavelength 6400 A.U.	[3]				
	Interference fringes are obtained at a distance of $60 cm$ from the slits. Find the changes in the fringe width, if the						
	separati	on between the slits is-					
	i. increased by 1 mm, and						
	ii. decr	reased by 1 mm.					
24.	A circu	lar coil of 250 turns and diameter 18 cm carries a current of 12 A. What is the magnitude of magnetic	[3]				
	momen	t associated with the coil?					
25.	An alter	mating voltage given by e = 140 sin ($314.2t$) is connected across a pure resistor of 50 Ω . Calculate:	[3]				
	i. the f	frequency of the source					
	ii. the i	r.m.s current through the resistor					
26.	Calcula	te the radius of second Bohr orbit in hydrogen atom from the given data.	[3]				
	Mass of electron $= 9.1 imes 10^{-31} \ kg$						
	Charge	on the electron $= 1.6 imes 10^{-19} C$					
	Planck's constant = $6.63 \times 10^{-34} J - s$						
	Permitti	ivity of free space $= 8.85 imes 10^{-12} C^2/Nm^2$					
		Section D					
		Attempt any 3 questions					
27.	Derive	an expression for height of liquid column when a capillary tube is vertically dipped in a liquid.	[4]				
28.	Answei	r the following questions:	[4]				
	(a)	Distinguish between step-up and step-down transformer.	[2]				
	(b)	A wire 5 m long is supported horizontally at a height of 15 m along east-west direction. When it is	[2]				
		about to hit the ground, calculate the average e.m.f. induced in it. $\left(g=10\ m/s^2 ight)$					
29.	Answer the following questions:						
	(a)	What is a thermodynamic process? Give any two types of it.	[2]				
	(b)	An ideal mono-atomic gas is adiabatically compressed so that its final temperature is twice its initial	[2]				
		temperature. Calculate the ratio of final pressure to its initial pressure.					
30. Answer:							
	(a)	Draw a neat labelled diagram for Ferry's perfectly blackbody.	[2]				
	(b)	The difference between the two molar specific heats of a gas is 9000 J/kg K. If the ratio of the two	[2]				
		specific heats is 1.5, calculate the two molar specific heats.					
31.	For a co	onical pendulum prove that $ an heta = rac{v^2}{rg}$.	[4]				