



SATISH SCIENCE ACADEMY
DHANORI PUNE - 411015

NEET PAPER 1
ENTRANCE EXAM - NEET-UG

Time Allowed: 3 hours and 20 minutes

Maximum Marks : 720

General Instructions:

- The test is of 3 hours and 20 minutes and it contains 200 questions. Internal choice is given within the sections.
- For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks.
- For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores.
- The maximum marks are 720.

PHYSICS (Section-A)

- Given that M is the mass suspended from a spring of force constant K. The dimension of the formula for $(M/K)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ is same as that for: [4]
 - Wavelength
 - Time period
 - Frequency
 - Velocity
- Which of the following is the smallest unit? [4]
 - Angstrom
 - Fermi
 - Millimetre
 - Metre
- On a foggy day, two drivers spot each other when 80 m apart. They were travelling at 70 km/h and 60 km/h. Both apply brakes simultaneously which retard the cars at the rate of 5 ms^{-2} . Which of the following statements is correct? [4]
 - They will cross each other.
 - The collision will take place.
 - They will just collide.
 - The collision will be averted.
- The speed of a boat is 5 km/h in still water. It crosses a river of width 1.0 km along the shortest path in 15 minutes. The velocity (in km/h) of the river water is: [4]
 - 1
 - 5
 - 4
 - 3
- A mosquito is moving with a velocity $\vec{v} = 0.5t^2\hat{i} + 3t\hat{j} + 9\hat{k}$ m/s and accelerating in uniform conditions. What will be the direction of mosquito after 2 s? [4]
 - None of these
 - $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$ from y - axis
 - $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)$ from x - axis
 - $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)$ from y - axis
- The spring balance A reads 2.5 kg with a block m suspended from it. A balance B reads 12 kg when a beaker filled with liquid is put on the pan of the balance. The two balances are now so arranged that the hanging mass is inside the liquid as shown in the figure. In this situation,

[4]

 - The balance B will read less than 5 kg
 - The balances A and B will read 2.5 kg and 12 kg respectively
 - The balance A will read more than 2.5 kg
 - The balance A will read less than 2.5 kg and B will read more than 12 kg
- A particle moves from a point $(-2\hat{i} + 5\hat{j})$ to $(4\hat{j} + 3\hat{k})$ when a force of $(4\hat{i} + 3\hat{j})\text{N}$ is applied. How much work has been done by the force? [4]
 - 11J
 - 5J
 - 8J
 - 2J
- A ball of mass m moves with speed v and strikes a wall having infinite mass and it returns with the same speed, then the work done by the ball on the wall is: [4]
 - MvJ
 - Zero
 - $\left(\frac{v}{m}\right) \text{ J}$
 - $\left(\frac{m}{v}\right) \text{ J}$
- A particle with position vector \vec{r} has a linear momentum p. Which of the following statements is true in respect of its angular momentum L about the origin? [4]
 - L acts along r
 - L is maximum when p and r are parallel
 - L acts along p
 - L is maximum when p is perpendicular to r
- A disc is rotating with angular speed ω . If a child sits on it, what is conserved [4]
 - Kinetic energy
 - Linear momentum
 - Angular momentum
 - Potential energy
- If v_e is escape speed from the Earth and v_p is that from a planet of half the radius of Earth, then: [4]
 - $V_e = \frac{v_p}{\sqrt{2}}$
 - $V_e = 2v_p$
 - $V_e = v_p$
 - $V_e = \frac{v_p}{4}$
- If there were a smaller gravitational effect, which of the following forces do you think would alter in some respect? [4]
 - Electrostatic forces
 - Viscous forces
 - Archimedes' uplift
 - Nuclear forces
- If the temperature difference on the two sides of a wall increases from 100°C to 200°C , its thermal conductivity: [4]
 - Is halved
 - Is doubled
 - Remains unchanged
 - Becomes four times
- Two rods of lengths L_1 and L_2 are made of materials whose coefficients of linear expansion are α_1 and α_2 . If the difference between the two lengths is independent of temperature: [4]
 - $\alpha_1^2 L_1 = \alpha_2^2 L_2$

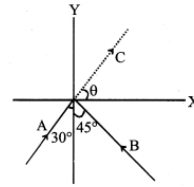
- a) Zero frequency
 b) The frequency of the wave
 c) Double of the frequency of wave
 d) Half of the frequency of the wave
- 30) In a terrestrial telescope, the focal length of erecting lens is 2 cm. The length of the telescope is 96 cm. If the magnifying power of the telescope is 10, then the focal lengths of eye - piece and objective are respectively: [4]
- a) 5 cm, 100 cm
 b) 6 cm, 90 cm
 c) 8 cm, 80 cm
 d) $\frac{96}{11}$ cm, $\frac{960}{11}$ cm
- 31) In a biprism experiment, by using light of wavelength 5000\AA , 5 mm wide fringes are obtained on a screen 1.0 m away from the coherent sources. The separation between the two coherent sources is: [4]
- a) 0.05 mm b) 1.0 mm
 c) 0.01 mm d) 0.1 mm
- 32) In a photoelectric experiment photons of energy 4.8 eV are incident on a metal surface. They liberate electrons that are just stopped by an electrode at a potential of -3.3 volt with respect to the metal. The work function of the metal surface (in electron volt) is: [4]
- a) 4.8 b) 3.3
 c) 1.5 d) 8.1
- 33) Light of wavelength 0.6μ m from a sodium lamp falls on a photocell and causes the emission of photoelectrons for which the stopping potential is 0.5 volt. With light of wavelength 0.40μ m from a mercury vapour lamp the stopping potential is 1.5 volt; then the value of (h/e) is: [4]
- a) 4×10^{-15} V - s b) 0.25×10^{15} V - s
 c) 4×10^{-59} V - s d) 4×10^{-8} V - s
- 34) The ratio of the speed of the electron in the first Bohr orbit of hydrogen and the speed of light is equal to (where e, h and c have their usual meanings): [4]
- a) $\frac{e^2}{2\epsilon_0 hc}$
 b) $\frac{e^2 h}{2\pi c}$
 c) $\frac{2\pi hc}{e^2}$
 d) $\frac{e^2 c}{2\pi h}$
- 35) Given the masses of various atomic particles $m_p = 1.0072$ u, $m_n = 1.0087$ u, $m_e = 0.000548$ u, $m_{\bar{\nu}} = 0$, $m_d = 2.0141$ u, where p = proton, n = neutron, e = electron, $\bar{\nu}$ = antineutrino and d \equiv deuteron. Which of the following process is allowed by momentum and energy conservation? [4]
- a) $N + p \rightarrow d + \gamma$
 b) $E^+ + e \rightarrow \gamma$
 c) $P \rightarrow n + e^+ + \bar{\nu}$
 d) $N + n \rightarrow$ deuterium atom (electron bound to the nucleus)

PHYSICS (Section-B)

Attempt any 10 questions

- 36) Two particles A and B of equal mass M are moving with the same speed v as shown in the figure. They collide completely inelastically and move as a single particle C. The angle θ that the path of C makes with the X - axis

is given by:

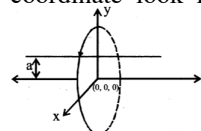


[4]

- a) $\tan \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}}{1-\sqrt{2}}$
 b) $\tan \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}}{1-\sqrt{2}}$
 c) $\tan \theta = \frac{1-\sqrt{3}}{1+\sqrt{2}}$
 d) $\tan \theta = \frac{1-\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}(1+\sqrt{3})}$

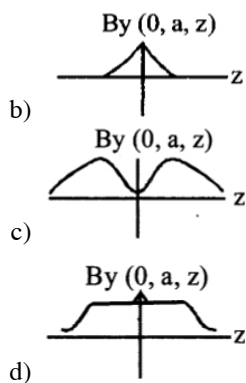
- 37) Moment of inertia of a hollow cylinder of mass M and radius r about its own axis is: [4]
- a) $\frac{2}{3} Mr^2$ b) $\frac{1}{3} Mr^2$
 c) $\frac{1}{5} Mr^2$ d) Mr^2
- 38) The mass density of a planet of radius R varies with the distance r from its centre as $\rho(r) = \rho_0 \left(1 - \frac{r^2}{R^2}\right)$. Then the gravitational field is maximum at: [4]
- a) $r = \sqrt{\frac{5}{9}} R$
 b) $r = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} R$
 c) $r = \sqrt{\frac{3}{4}} R$
 d) $R = R$
- 39) Steam is passed through the water contained in a beaker. The water can boil when the steam is at: [4]
- a) Any pressure
 b) Pressure lower than the atmosphere
 c) Atmospheric pressure
 d) Pressure higher than the atmosphere
- 40) Oxygen is 16 times heavier than hydrogen. The equal volumes of hydrogen and oxygen are mixed. The ratio of the speed of sound in the mixture to that in hydrogen is: [4]
- a) $\sqrt{\frac{1}{8}}$ b) $\sqrt{\frac{2}{17}}$
 c) $\sqrt{\frac{32}{17}}$ d) $\sqrt{8}$
- 41) There are two organ pipes of exactly the same length and material but of different radii. The loss of sound will be: [4]
- a) More from a narrower pipe
 b) Same for both pipes
 c) More from a wider pipe
 d) Different for both pipes

- 42) A single current carrying loop of wire carrying current I flowing in anticlockwise direction seen from +ve z direction and lying in xy plane is shown in figure. The plot of \hat{j} component of magnetic field (B_y) at a distance 'a' (less than radius of the coil) and on yz plane vs z coordinate look like



[4]

- a)



43) A toroid of n turns, mean radius R and cross-sectional radius a carries current I . It is placed on a horizontal table taken in $x - y$ plane. Its magnetic moment \vec{M} : [4]

- Is zero, otherwise there would be a field falling as $(\frac{1}{r^3})$ at large distances outside the toroid.
- Points along the axis of the toroid ($\vec{M} = M\hat{\phi}$)
- Is pointing radially outwards
- Is non-zero and points in the z -direction by symmetry

44) A square coil of side 25 cm having 1000 turns is rotated with a uniform speed in a magnetic field about an axis perpendicular to the direction of the field. At an instant t , the emf induced in the coil is $e = 200 \sin 100\pi t$. The magnetic induction is: [4]

- 0.02 T
- 10^{-3} T
- 0.1 T
- 0.50 T

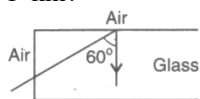
45) For an LCR circuit, the power transferred from the driving source to the driven oscillator is $P = I^2 Z \cos \phi$. Then: [4]

- All of these
- The driving source can give no energy to the oscillator ($P = 0$) in some cases
- The driving source can not syphon out ($P < 0$) the energy out of the oscillator
- The power factor $\cos \phi \geq 0$, $P \geq 0$

46) A ray incident at a point at an angle of incidence of 60° enters a glass sphere of R.I. $n = \sqrt{3}$ and is reflected and refracted at the farther surface of the sphere. The angle between the reflected and refracted rays at this surface is: [4]

- 60°
- 40°
- 90°
- 50°

47) A light ray from the air is incident (as shown in the figure) at one end of glass fiber (refractive index, $\mu = 1.5$) making an incidence angle of 60° on the lateral surface so that it undergoes a total internal reflection. How much time would it take to traverse the straight fiber of length 1 km?



[4]

- 3.85μ s
- 5.77μ s
- 3.33μ s
- 6.67μ s

48) The wavelength of a photon needed to remove a proton from a nucleus which is bound to the nucleus with 1 MeV energy is nearly: [4]

- 1.2×10^1 nm
- 1.2×10^{-3} nm
- 1.2 nm
- 1.2×10^{-6} nm

49) The solar spectrum shows dark lines superposed over a continuous spectrum. These dark lines are due to: [4]

- Scattering of dust particles in the earth's atmosphere
- Absorption by atoms of different elements present in the solar atmosphere
- Absorption by water vapours
- Emission of light by the sun

50) When a microgram of matter is converted to energy, the amount of energy released will be: [4]

- 9×10^7 J
- 9×10^{10} J
- 3×10^4 J
- 9×10^{17} J

CHEMISTRY (Section-A)

51) What is the number of significant figures in calculated value of mass of 3.00 moles of electrons? [Mass of one mole of electrons = 54.9×10^{-8} kg][4]

- Five
- Seven
- Three
- Eight

52) Number of radial nodes present in 4d and 5f orbitals respectively are _____. [4]

- 4, 5
- 1, 4
- 1, 1
- 2, 3

53) With respect to oxygen maximum oxidation state is shown by: [4]

- Nitrogen family
- Boron family
- Oxygen family
- Halogen family

54) Most predominantly electrovalent compounds are obtained by the combination of atoms in groups _____. [4]

- 1 and 2
- 1 and 14
- 14 and 15
- 1 and 17

55) Certain combinations of cations and anions lead to the formation of coloured salts in solid state even though each of these ions with other counter ions may produce colourless salts. This phenomenon is due to a temporary charge transfer between the two ions. Out of the following, the salt that can exhibit this behaviour is: [4]

- SnCl_4
- SnI_4
- SnBr_2
- SnCl_2

56) Find the molecule having least dipole - moment: [4]

- CCl_4
- CH_2Cl_2
- CH_3Cl
- CHCl_3

57) If saturated vapours are compressed slowly (temperature remains constant) to half the initial volume, their pressure will: [4]

- Become double
- Become four time
- Becomes half
- Remain unchanged

58) The pH of 0.01 M solution of sodium salt of a substituted benzoic acid at 25°C is: ($K_a = 1.0 \times 10^{-4}$ at 25°C) [4]

- 6
- 8
- 12
- 10

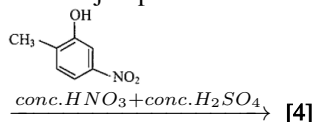
59) Which is not correct in case of Mohr's salt?

- It decolourises KMnO_4
- It is primary standard
- It is a double salt
- Oxidation state of Fe is + 3 in the salt

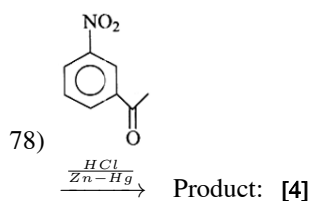
[4]

- Only iv
- Iii and iv
- I and ii
- Ii and iii

77) The major product of the following reaction is ____.



- a)
- b)
- c)
- d)



- a)
- b)
- c)
- d)

79) Acetamide is treated separately with the following reagents. Which one of these give methylamine?

- i. PCl_5
 ii. Sodalime
 iii. $\text{NaOH} + \text{Br}_2$
 iv. Hot concentrated H_2SO_4

- [4]
 a) Only D b) Only C
 c) Only B d) Only A

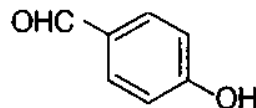
80) Which of the following will not show mutarotation? [4]

- a) Glucose b) Lactose
 c) Sucrose d) Maltose

81) Glycosidic linkage is [4]

- a) An amine linkage b) An ether linkage
 c) An ester linkage d) An amide linkage

82) An aromatic compound 'A' having molecular formula $\text{C}_7\text{H}_6\text{O}_2$ on treating with aqueous ammonia and heating forms compound 'B'. The compound 'B' on reaction with molecular bromine and potassium hydroxide provides compound 'C' having molecular formula $\text{C}_6\text{H}_7\text{N}$. The structure of 'A' is [4]



- a)
- b)
- c)
- d)

83) The limiting equivalent conductivity of H_2SO_4 is ____.

$$\lambda_{(\text{H}^+)}^\circ = 349.6 \text{ S cm}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1}$$

$$\lambda_{(\text{SO}_4^{2-})}^\circ = 160 \text{ S cm}^2 \text{ mol}^{-1} \text{ [4]}$$

- a) $510 \text{ S cm}^2 \text{ eq}^{-1}$ b) $430 \text{ S cm}^2 \text{ eq}^{-1}$
 c) $43 \text{ S cm}^2 \text{ eq}^{-1}$ d) $127 \text{ S cm}^2 \text{ eq}^{-1}$

84) The technique of gas chromatography is suitable for compounds which [4]

- a) Are soluble in water
 b) Vapourize without decomposition
 c) Are liquids
 d) Have very low boiling points

85) The number of electrons lost per formula unit of ammonium ferrous sulphate during titration with KMnO_4 is ____ [4]

- a) 3 b) 2
 c) 5 d) 1

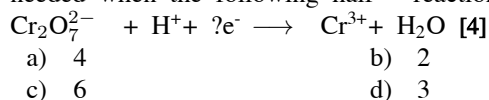
CHEMISTRY (Section-B)

Attempt any 10 questions

86) Find the correct order of the given property from the following. [4]

- a) $\text{K}_2\text{CO}_3 > \text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3 > \text{Li}_2\text{CO}_3$; thermal stability order
 b) $\text{BaO} > \text{BaF}_2$; melting point order
 c) All of these
 d) $\text{CaO} > \text{CaF}_2$; extent of polarisation order

87) In $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$ titration, using the indicator diphenylamine, an intense blue color is obtained just after the equivalence point. In this process, $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$ oxidizes the indicator and itself undergoes reduction. How many electrons are needed when the following half - reaction is balanced?



88) Which of the following is used for the absorption of CO ? [4]

- a) Conc. H_2SO_4
 b) Conc. KOH
 c) Ammonical solution of CuCl
 d) Ammonical solution of AgNO_3

89) Which of the following have total 18 electrons and it is larger than Cl^- ? [4]

- a) None of these b) Ca^{2+}
 c) K^+ d) Br^-

90) Identify INCORRECT statement from the following: [4]

- a) All orbitals have directional characteristics.

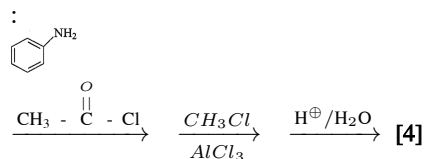
- b) Maximum number of electrons in an orbital is two.
 c) All orbits have same shape.
 d) An orbit represents the planar motion of an electron.
- 91) Which one of the following statements about the zeolites is false? [4]
 a) They are used as cation exchangers
 b) Some of the SiO_4^{-4} units are replaced by AlO_4^{-5} and AlO_6^{9-} ions in zeolites
 c) They have an open structure which enables them to take up small molecules
 d) Zeolites are aluminosilicates having three - dimensional network
- 92) The half - life period of a first - order reaction, $A \rightarrow P$ is 6.93 h. The value of the rate constant is: [4]
 a) 0.1 h^{-1} b) 4.802 h^{-1}
 c) 10 h^{-1} d) 1.596 h^{-1}
- 93) The standard reduction potentials of Cu^{2+}/Cu and $\text{Cu}^{2+}/\text{Cu}^+$ are 0.337 and 0.153 V respectively. The standard electrode potential of Cu^+/Cu half cell is: [4]
 a) 0.827 V b) 0.521 V
 c) 0.490 V d) 0.184 V
- 94) Which one are correct about the temperature coefficient of emf? [4]
 a) $(\frac{\delta E}{\delta T})_P = 0$ for weston cadmium cell
 b) All of these
 c) $(\frac{\delta E}{\delta T})_P = \frac{\Delta S}{nF}$
 d) $(\frac{\delta E}{\delta T})_P = \frac{(E_2 - E_1)}{(T_2 - T_1)}$
- 95) For the reaction, $2\text{NO}(\text{g}) + 2\text{H}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{N}_2(\text{g}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{g})$ the rate expression can be written in the following ways:
 $\frac{d[\text{N}_2]}{dt} = K_1 [\text{NO}][\text{H}_2]$; $\frac{d[\text{H}_2\text{O}]}{dt} = K_2 [\text{NO}][\text{H}_2]$
 $-\frac{d[\text{NO}]}{dt} = K_3 [\text{NO}][\text{H}_2]$; $-\frac{d[\text{H}_2]}{dt} = K_4 [\text{NO}][\text{H}_2]$
 The relationship between K_1 , K_2 , K_3 and K_4 is: [4]
 a) $2K_1 = K_2 = K_3 = K_4$ b) $K_1 = K_2 = K_3 = K_4$
 c) $K_1 = 2K_2 = K_3 = K_4$ d) $K_1 = K_2 = K_3 = 2K_4$
- 96) It is possible to obtain oxygen from air by fractional distillation because: [4]
 a) Oxygen is in a different group of the periodic table from nitrogen
 b) Oxygen has a lower density than nitrogen
 c) Oxygen is more reactive than nitrogen
 d) Oxygen has higher b.p. than nitrogen
- 97) A colorless aqueous solution contains nitrates of two metals, X and Y. When it was added to an aqueous solution of NaCl, a white precipitate was formed. This precipitate was found to be partly soluble in hot water to give a residue P and a solution Q. The residue P was soluble in aq. NH_3 and also in excess sodium thiosulphate. The hot solution Q gave a yellow precipitate with KI. The metals X and Y, respectively, are [4]
 a) Cd and Pb b) Ag and Pb
 c) Ag and Cd d) Cd and Zn
- 98) Identify the **incorrect** statement among the following:
 i. D - block elements show irregular and erratic chemical properties among themselves.
 ii. La and Lu have partially filled d - orbitals and no other partially filled orbitals.
 iii. The chemistry of various lanthanoids is very similar.
 iv. 4f and 5f - orbitals are equally shielded.

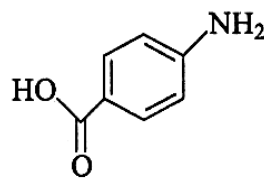
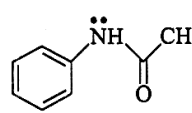
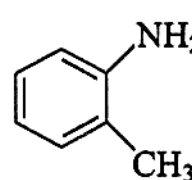
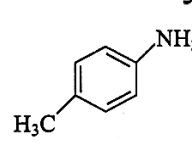
[4]

- a) C b) B
 c) D d) A

- 99) The species having tetrahedral shape is: [4]
 a) $[\text{NiCl}_4]^{2-}$ b) $[\text{Ni}(\text{CN})_4]^{2-}$
 c) $[\text{Pd}(\text{CN})_4]^{2-}$ d) $[\text{PdCl}_4]^{2-}$

- 100) Identify major product of following sequence of reaction



- a) 
- b) 
- c) 
- d) 

BOTANY (Section-A)

- 101) Which of the following is correct for growth in unicellular organisms? [4]
 a) Grow by cell division
 b) Both cell elongation and cell division
 c) None of these
 d) Grow by cell elongation
- 102) Lowest rank in the classification is : [4]
 a) Variety b) Sub - species
 c) Species d) Genera
- 103) The correct match is:

Disease	Causative agent
(a) Early blight of potato	(i) Puccinia graminis
(b) Late blight of potato	(ii) Ustilago tritici
(c) Smut of wheat	(iii) Phytophthora infection
(d) Rust of wheat	(iv) Alternaria solani

[4]

- a) (a) - (i), (b) - (ii), (c) - (iii), (d) - (iv)
 b) (a) - (iv), (b) - (ii), (c) - (iii), (d) - (i)
 c) (a) - (iv), (b) - (iii), (c) - (ii), (d) - (i)
 d) (a) - (iv), (b) - (i), (c) - (ii), (d) - (iii)

- 104) What is the mode of nutrition in kingdom fungi? [4]

- a) Photosynthetic b) All of these
c) Autotrophic d) Heterotrophic

105) A typical angiospermic embryo sac is [4]

- a) 8 - celled and 7 - nucleate
b) 7 - celled and 7 - nucleate
c) 7 - celled and 8 - nucleate
d) 8 - celled and 8 - nucleate

106) Select the mismatch: [4]

- a) Equisetum - Homosporous
b) Salvinia - Heterosporous
c) Cycas - Dioecious
d) Pinus - Dioecious

107) Select the wrong statements: [4]

- a) Mitochondria are the power house of the cell in all kingdoms except monera
b) Pseudopodia are locomotory and feeding structures in sporozoans
c) Cell wall is present in members of fungi and plantae
d) Mushrooms belong to basidiomycetes

108) The non - nutritive structure is [4]

- a) Perisperm b) Tapetum
c) Endosperm d) Integuments of ovule

109) The term used for transfer of pollen grains from anthers of one plant to stigma of a different plant which, during pollination, brings genetically different types of pollen grains to stigma, is [4]

- a) Chasmogamy b) Cleistogamy
c) Xenogamy d) Geitonogamy

110) Companion cells are closely associated with: [4]

- a) Sieve elements b) Trichomes
c) Guard cells d) Vessel elements

111) Drupe contains [4]

- a) Edible epicarp b) Stony mesocarp
c) Stony endocarp d) Edible endocarp

112) Mesophyll differentiated into palisade parenchyma and the spongy parenchyma in _____. [4]

- a) Dorsiventral leaf b) Monocot root
c) Dicot stem d) Dicot root

113) In sickle - cell anaemia glutamic acid is replaced by valine. Which one of the following triplets codes for valine? [4]

- a) AAG b) GUG
c) GAA d) GGG

114) Alleles are: [4]

- a) True breeding homozygotes
b) Different phenotype
c) Heterozygotes
d) Different molecular forms of a gene

115) Match the names of triplet codons listed under column I with the amino acids given under column II. Choose the answer which gives the correct combination of the alphabets of the two columns:

Column I	Column II
A. UUU	I. Alanine
B. CCC	ii. Glycine
C. AAA	iii. Lysine
D. GGG	iv. proline
	V. Phenyl alanine

[4]

- a) (a) - (v), (b) - (iv), (c) - (iii), (d) - (ii)
b) (a) - (iv), (b) - (v), (c) - (ii), (d) - (iii)
c) (a) - (ii), (b) - (iii), (c) - (iv), (d) - (v)
d) (a) - (i), (b) - (iii), (c) - (iv), (d) - (v)

116) Which one of the following is the starter codon? [4]

- a) UAG b) AUG
c) UGA d) UAA

117) Which of the following was proposed the hypothesis that the bodies of animals and plants are composed of cells and products of cell? [4]

- a) Schleiden
b) Virchow
c) Schwann
d) Schleiden and Schwann

118) Plasmid occur in: [4]

- a) Bacteria b) Viruses
c) Chromosomes d) Chloroplast

119) Which global organization promotes tobacco control through the Framework Convention on Tobacco Control (FCTC)? [4]

- a) World Health Organization (WHO)
b) United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund (UNICEF)
c) United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO)
d) World Trade Organization (WTO)

120) Antibody production is controlled by [4]

- a) Both B - lymphocytes and T - lymphocytes
b) T - lymphocytes
c) Interferon
d) B - lymphocytes

121) Which one of the following structures is not found in mitotic cells of higher plants? [4]

- a) Centromere
b) Cell plate
c) Spindle fibres
d) Centrioles and asters

122) In accordance with their life styles, parasites evolved special adaptations such as the: [4]

- a) Loss of unnecessary sense organs
b) Loss of digestive system and high reproductive capacity
c) All of these
d) Presence of adhesive organs or suckers to cling on to the host

123) The storage of energy of consumer level is known as: [4]

- a) Secondary productivity
b) Net primary productivity
c) Net productivity
d) Gross primary production

124) Which of the following organism is used in the production of beverages like wine, beer, whisky brandy or rum? [4]

- a) *Aspergillus niger*
b) *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*
c) *Penicillium notatum*
d) *Clostridium butylicum*

125) Protected bird is: [4]

- a) Pavo
b) Both Pavo and Choriotes
c) Choriotes
d) Columba

126) The major cause of loss of numbers of migratory birds is:

- i. Bad weather
ii. Urbanization
iii. Pesticides
iv. Fragmentation
v. Loss of habitat

[4]

- a) (iv) and (v) only b) (i), (ii), (v) only
c) (i) and (ii) only d) (ii), (iv), (v) only

127) Bird sanctuary in Rajasthan is situated at: [4]

- a) Bandipur b) Bharatpur
c) Sariska d) Pallamu

128) As a result of meiosis four cells are produced, these are: [4]

- a) 75 % paternal, 25 % maternal
b) 50 % paternal, 50 % maternal
c) All identical
d) All different

129) Mitosis is characterized by: [4]

- a) Reduction division
b) Equal division
c) Both reduction and equal division
d) Paining of homologous chromosomes

130) One of the following is photosynthetic non - sulphur bacterium: [4]

- a) All of these b) *Chlorobium*
c) *Rhodospirillum* d) *Chromatium*

131) Which of the following does not participate when the light reaction synthesizes only ATP or performs the cyclic flow of electrons? [4]

- a) Ferredoxin b) Plastocyanin
c) PS - I d) PS - II

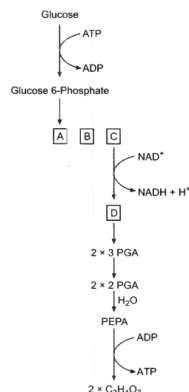
132) Cyclic photophosphorylation results in the formation of [4]

- a) NADH_2 and O_2 b) NADPH_2 , ATP and O_2
c) NADP and ATP d) ATP

133) The reaction centre for PS - I and PS - II are: [4]

- a) P_{680} and P_{700} respectively
b) P_{580} and P_{700} respectively
c) P_{700} and P_{580} respectively
d) P_{700} and P_{680} respectively

134) Choose the correct names of A, B, C and D.



Choose the correct names of A, B, C and D

	A	B	C	D
(a)	1,3 di PGA	3 PGAL	Fr, 1, 6 di P	Fr, 6 P
(b)	3 PGAL	1, 3 di PGA	Fr, 1, 6 di P	Fr, 6 P
(c)	Fr, 6 P	Fr, 1,6 di P	1, 3di PGA	3 PGAL
(d)	Fr. 6P	Fr. 1,6,diP	3 PGAl d	1, 3 diPGA

[4]

- a) Only A b) Only D
c) Only C d) Only B

135) Plant growth is unique because: [4]

- a) Plants not retain the capacity for unlimited growth throughout their life
b) Plants retain the capacity for limited growth throughout their life
c) Plants retain the capacity for unlimited growth during some part of their life
d) Plants retain the capacity for unlimited growth throughout their life

BOTANY (Section-B)

Attempt any 10 questions

136) An organism with similar traits of any rank is : [4]

- a) Species b) Order
c) Taxon d) Genus

137) There exists a close association between the alga and the fungus within lichen. The fungus [4]

- a) Releases oxygen for the alga.
b) Provides protection, anchorage and absorption for the algae.
c) Provides food for the alga.
d) Fixes the atmospheric nitrogen for the alga.

138) What is the use of pteridophytes? [4]

- a) All of these b) Ornamentals
c) Soil - binders d) Medicinal purposes

139) Pollination in water hyacinth and water lily can be carried out by: [4]

- a) Insects and wind b) Wind and water
c) Only water d) Insects only

140) Phyllode is present in: [4]

- a) Asparagus b) Euphorbia
c) Australian Acacia d) Opuntia



- 141) in pedigree represents: [4]
a) Dizygotic twins b) Sibling brothers
c) Monozygotic twins d) Either of two
- 142) The replicating units of DNA of a chromosome are called: [4]
a) Palindromes b) Okazaki pieces
c) Replicons d) Okazaki units
- 143) Which of the following statements regarding mitochondria is incorrect? [4]
a) Outer membrane is permeable to monomers of carbohydrates, fats and proteins.
b) Enzymes of electron transport are embedded in outer membrane.
c) Mitochondrial matrix contains single circular DNA molecule and ribosomes.
d) Inner membrane is convoluted with infoldings.
- 144) Which one of the following is an example of carrying out biological control of pests/diseases using microbes? [4]
a) Lady bird beetle against aphids in mustard
b) Bt - cotton to increase cotton yield
c) Trichoderma sp. against certain plant pathogens
d) Nucleopolyhedrovirus against white rust in Brassica
- 145) In plants, exchange of gases takes place through [4]
a) Stomata and chlorophyll.
b) Lenticels and stomata.
c) Ribosomes and mitochondria.
d) Lenticels and chlorophyll.
- 146) Conversion of sugar into alcohol during fermentation is due to the direct action of: [4]
a) Temperature
b) Micro - organisms
c) Concentration of sugar solution
d) Zymase
- 147) Rate of conversion of light energy into chemical energy of organic molecules in an ecosystem is [4]
a) Gross secondary productivity
b) Gross primary productivity
c) Net primary productivity
d) Net secondary productivity
- 148) 2, 4 - D is a: [4]
a) Insecticide b) Nematicide
c) Rodenticide d) Weedicide
- 149) During seed germination, its stored food is mobilised by: [4]
a) Ethylene b) Cytokinin
c) Gibberellin d) ABA
- 150) Which of the chloroplast does not contain grana? [4]
a) Hydrophytic stem
b) Mesophyll of grasses
c) Bundle sheath of sugarcane leaf
d) Pea leaf

- 151) Cell found around the osculum in sponges: [4]
a) Chormocytes b) Myocytes
c) Choanocytes d) Porocytes
- 152) Which of the following is wrong for habitat of round-worm? [4]
a) They may be parasitic in plants and animals
b) They may be free - living
c) They may be aquatic and terrestrial
d) None of these
- 153) Identify diagram and select correct option for given diagram I and II from following options.



- [4]
a) I - Locust - Gregarious pest, II - Scorpion - Vectors
b) I - Locust - Gregarious pest, II - Scorpion - Book lungs
c) I - Locust - Gregarious pest, II - Scorpion - Harmful insect
d) I - Locust - Gregarious pest, II - Scorpion - Gregarious pest
- 154) Which structure is known as lower lip of cockroach? [4]
a) Labrum b) Labium
c) Mantum d) Submentum
- 155) Which of the following is a loose connective tissue? [4]
a) Adipose tissue and areolar tissue
b) Blood
c) Tendon and ligament
d) Bone and cartilage
- 156) Carbon dioxide combines with haemoglobin: [4]
a) 200 - 250 times more readily than oxygen
b) Twice less readily than oxygen
c) 100 times less readily than oxygen
d) 20 - 25 times more readily than oxygen
- 157) During expiration the diaphragm becomes: [4]
a) Concave b) Dome - shaped
c) Flattened d) Oblique
- 158) What would happen if human blood becomes acidic (low pH)? [4]
a) RBCs count decreases
b) Oxygen carrying capacity of haemoglobin increases
c) RBCs count increases
d) Oxygen carrying capacity of haemoglobin decreases
- 159) Respiratory process is regulated by certain specialized centres in the brain. One of the following listed centres can reduce the inspiratory duration upon stimulation : [4]
a) Chemosensitive centre
b) Pneumotoxic centre
c) Apneustic centre
d) Medullary inspiratory centre

- b) (A) - (i), (B) - (ii), (C) - (iii), (D) - (iv)
 c) (A) - (i), (B) - (iii), (C) - (iv), (D) - (ii)
 d) (A) - (ii), (B) - (iv), (C) - (i), (D) - (iii)

178) Gluconeogenesis, lipolysis and proteolysis processes are stimulated by [4]

- a) Mineralocorticoids.
 b) Both (glucocorticoids) and (mineralocorticoids)
 c) Glucocorticoids.
 d) Insulin

179) What percentage of total WBC represented by neutrophils?

[4]

- a) 60 - 65 percent b) 0.5 - 1 percent
 c) 6 - 8 percent d) 20 - 25 percent

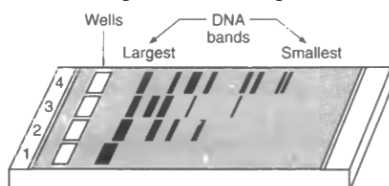
180) The child of a couple has a blood group B. His mother's blood group was AB. What will be the blood group not of the father? [4]

- a) B b) AB
 c) None of these d) A

181) In humans, blood passes from the post - caval to the diastolic right atrium of heart due to [4]

- a) Pushing open of the venous valves.
 b) Suction pull
 c) Pressure difference between the post - caval and atrium
 d) Stimulation of the sino - auricular node.

182) The given figure represents a typical agarose gel electrophoresis showing migration of an undigested and digested set of DNA fragments. Select the correct option for the migration of fragments?



[4]

- a) Lane 2 to 4 - undigested and lane 1 - digested set of DNA fragments
 b) Lane 2 and 3 - undigested and lane 1 and 4 - digested set of DNA fragments
 c) Lane 1 to 3 - undigested and lane 4 - digested set of DNA fragments
 d) Lane 1 - undigested and lane 2 to 4 - digested set of DNA fragments

183) Which one of the following represents a palindromic sequence in DNA? [4]

- a) 5' - GAATTC - 3'3' - CTTAAG - 5'
 b) 5' - CATTAG - 3'3' - GAT AAC - 5'
 c) 5' - GATACC - 3'3' - CCTAAG - 5'
 d) 5 - CCAATG - 3' 3' - GAA TCC - 5'

184) Select correct option from the given table :

Column I	Column II
(A) E.coli	(i) Control bollworms
(B) RNAi	(ii) Controls com borer
(C) cryIAc and cryIIAb	(iii) Nematode resistant plants
(D) cryIAb	(iv) Human insulin

[4]

- a) (A) - (iv), (B) - (iii), (C) - (i), (D) - (ii)
 b) (A) - (i), (B) - (ii), (C) - (iv), (D) - (iii)
 c) (A) - (ii), (B) - (i), (C) - (iii), (D) - (iv)
 d) (A) - (iv), (B) - (iii), (C) - (ii), (D) - (i)

185) Sex hormone is a: [4]

- a) Carbohydrate b) Fat
 c) Protein d) Steroid

ZOOLOGY (Section-B)

Attempt any 10 questions

186) Metagenesis refers to: [4]

- a) Alternation of generation between asexual and sexual phases of an organism
 b) Presence of a segmented body and parthenogenetic mode of reproduction
 c) Occurrence of a drastic change in form during post - embryonic development
 d) Presence of different morphic forms

187) The bone cells are present in the spaces called: [4]

- a) Lacunae b) All of these
 c) Lamellae d) Cannaliculi

188) **X** is the protein that makes RBCs red. It binds easily with oxygen molecules and most oxygen being transported in the blood is bound to this. Identify **X**. [4]

- a) Haemoglobin b) Platelets
 c) Globulin d) T cells

189) Bulk of oxygen diffuses from the plasma into the red blood corpuscles where it joins loosely with Fe^{2+} ions of hemoglobin (Hb) to form bright red oxyhemoglobin (HbO_2). The process is called [4]

- a) Dehydrogenation b) Oxidation
 c) Oxygenation d) Hydration

190) Acrosome is a type of [4]

- a) Lysosome
 b) Vacuole
 c) Endoplasmic reticulum
 d) Ribosome

191) In which of the following conditions, MTP is not necessary? [4]

- a) Both Unwanted pregnancy and Pregnancy resulting from rape.
 b) Unwanted pregnancy
 c) Pregnancy resulting from rape
 d) Unborn foetus of undesired sex

192) Lamarck's theory of evolution is also known as [4]

